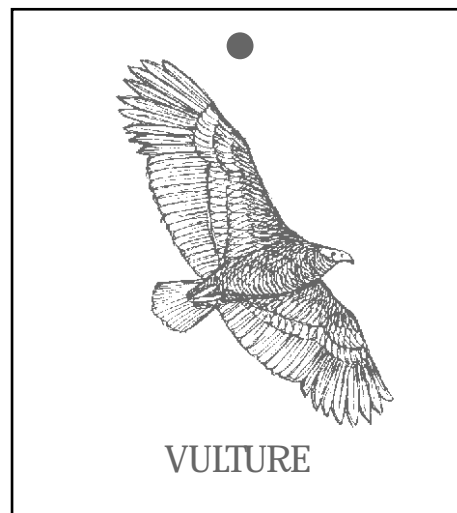
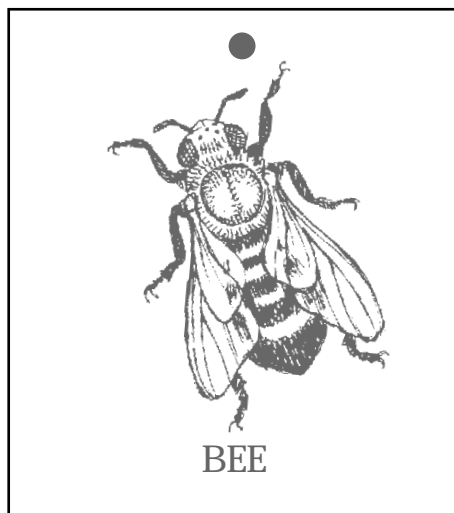
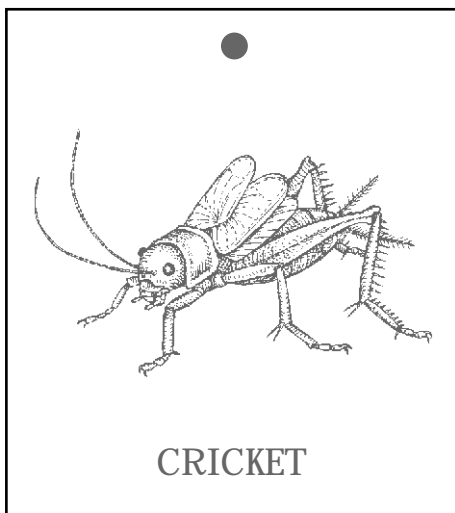
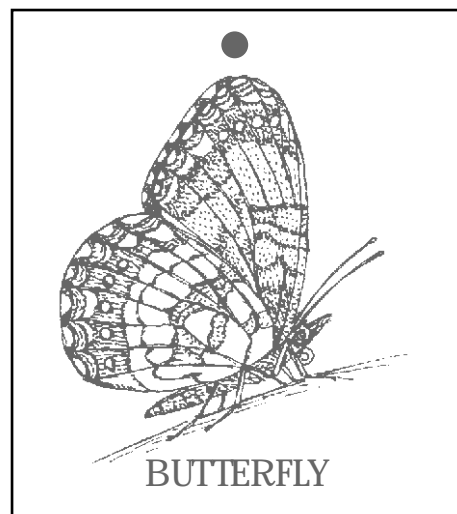
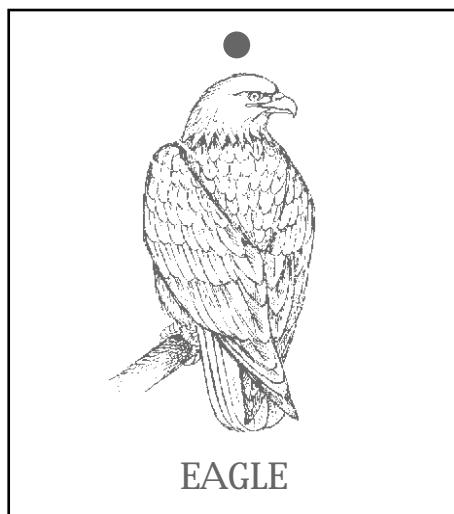
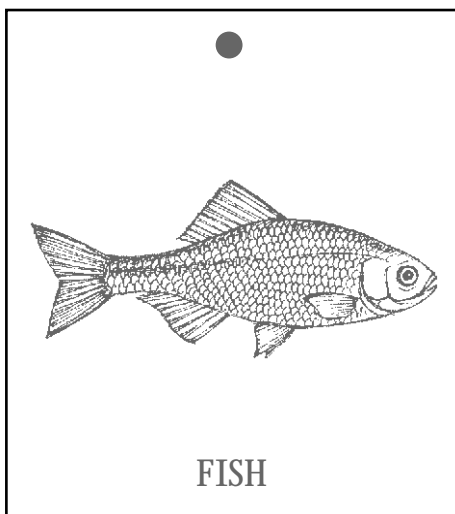
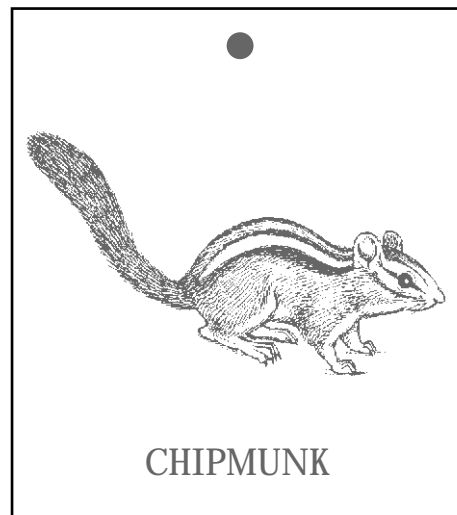
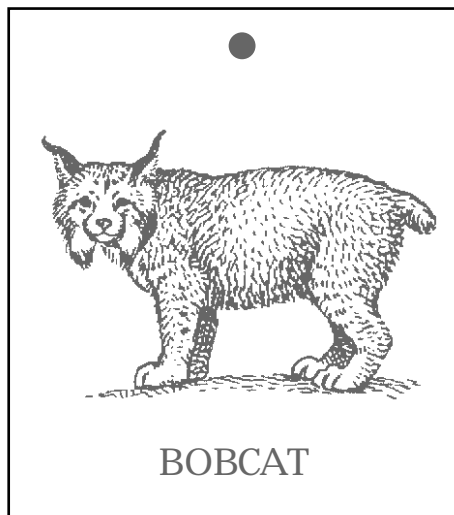
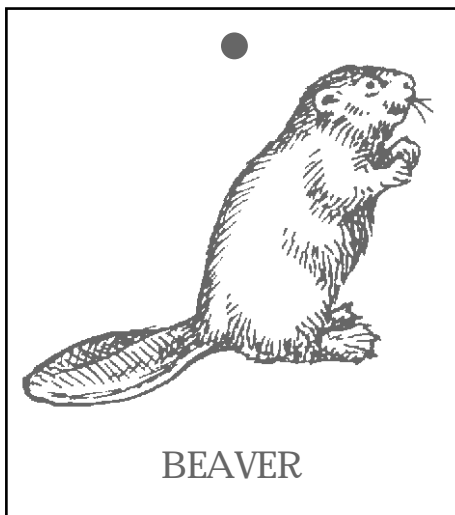




Acting Like Animals Cards

WORKSHEET





WORKSHEET

Acting Like Animals Cards

Chipmunk:

- Digs long, shallow burrows to make its home.
- Nervous; scampers around on the ground or low branches of trees.
 - Carries nuts, seeds, and fruit in expandable cheek pouches.

Bobcat:

- Small wild cat with tufted ears.
 - Shy; hunts at night by sneaking up on prey and pouncing.
 - Prefers the ground but can climb trees.

Beaver:

- Has four large front teeth (incisors).
- Gnaws on trees to eat soft inner bark and to build dams.
- Slaps the water with its tail when alarmed.

Butterfly:

- Antennae help it smell and feel, flies by flapping wings rapidly.
 - Usually holds wings up when resting (some hold them flat).
- Has long proboscis (like a tongue) to suck up nectar.

Eagle:

- Soars through the air by holding its wings stretched straight out .
- Hunts for fish by gliding in with talons outstretched.
- When perching, stands with head upright, watching movements with quick turns of head.

Fish:

- Swallows food by gulping.
- Swims by moving body from side to side, controls direction with fins .
 - Ectothermic (depends on outside temperatures for body heat).

Vulture:

- Soars with wings held in a slight V-shape above its body.
- Often perches with head hanging down.
- Projects vomit to protect themselves and young.

Bee:

- Flies rapidly from flower to flower.
- Collects nectar with proboscis.
- Collects pollen with hairy body.

Cricket:

- Males chirp by rubbing wings rapidly.
- Travels by hopping.
- Hangs on to grasses with bristles on hind legs.

