#### SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM AUDIT TOOL

COMPANY/SITE:	ADDRESS:
AUDITOR NAME:	AUDITOR PHONE #
AUDITOR SIGNATURE:	DATE:

#### **SECTION 1: MANAGEMENT LEADERSHIP**

	Not	Partially	Implemented with only Minor	Fully	
Action Item	Implemented	Implemented	Deficiencies	Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Management implements and communicates					
a written, signed policy supporting the safety					
and health program.					
Management routinely demonstrates visible					
commitment to the program.					
Management defines specific goals and					
expectations for the program, along with					
plans for achieving the goals.					
Management allocates appropriate resources					
(funds and time) to accomplish goals and					
manage the program.					
Management assigns responsibility and					
accountability for implementing and					
maintaining the program.					
Management encourages, recognizes, and					
rewards worker contributions to workplace					
safety and health.					

#### **SECTION 2: WORKER PARTICIPATION**

Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Workers are encouraged to participate in the program, have the means to participate, and feel comfortable participating and giving input on safety and health issues.					
Workers are trained on how to report an injury, illness, hazard, or concern, including good catches/near misses.					
Workers report injuries, illnesses, hazards, and concerns without fear of reprisal.					
Reports of injuries, illnesses, hazards, or other concerns are acknowledged promptly.  Reports of injuries, illnesses, hazards, or					
other concerns are resolved promptly, after worker input is sought, and are tracked to completion.					
Workers have access to information they need to understand safety and health hazards and hazard control measures in the workplace.					
Workers are assigned roles in or are otherwise involved in all aspects of the program.					
Workers can participate without encountering language, skill, or education barriers; restrictions on participating during work time; or fear of retaliation or discrimination.					

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Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Workers have authority to initiate or					
request a temporary suspension or					
shutdown of any work activity or					
operation they believe to be unsafe.					

#### **SECTION 3: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT**

Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Written materials such as injury/illness logs, Safety Data Sheets, medical reports, workplace inspection results, incident investigation reports, and manufacturers' literature are reviewed to help identify hazards.					
The workplace is inspected regularly to identify conditions that pose or could pose a safety or health concern.  Inspections cover all areas and activities and include plant and transportation vehicles.					
Before making changes to operations, workflow, physical plant, equipment, or materials, workers and managers conduct a review to identify any safety or health issues.					
The workplace is evaluated to identify worker exposure to health hazards.  Trends in injury and illness data, reports of hazards, incidents, etc. are analyzed to identify common hazards.					

	Not	Partially	Implemented with only Minor	Fully	
Requirement	Implemented	Implemented	Deficiencies	Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Incidents (including close calls/near misses) and employee complaints are investigated to identify any hazards previously unrecognized or inadequately controlled. Investigations focus on identifying the root saves (s) of each					
identifying the root cause(s) of each incident.					
Hazards associated with emergencies and non-routine operations are identified in the emergency action plan and operating procedures, respectively.					
All identified hazards are characterized with respect to the severity of potential outcomes, likelihood of an event or exposure, and number of workers who might be exposed. This information is identified in operating procedures.					
Interim controls are adopted while permanent controls are being determined.  All serious and recognized hazards are					
addressed immediately, while prioritizing remaining hazards for further control.					

#### **SECTION 4: HAZARD PREVENTION AND CONTROL**

	Not	Partially	Implemented with only Minor	Fully	
Requirement	Implemented	Implemented	Deficiencies	Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Options for controlling hazards are					
identified using sources such as OSHA,					
NIOSH, industry best practices, and input					
from workers.					
Controls are selected according to the					
"hierarchy of controls," emphasizing (in					
order of priority) elimination,					
substitution, engineering controls, administrative controls, and PPE. <sup>a</sup>					
A hazard control plan is used to plan and					
prioritize controls.					
Controls are installed as soon as a hazard					
is identified.					
Interim controls are used when					
permanent controls cannot be					
immediately implemented.					
Workers are involved in selecting					
controls.					
Controls are in place to protect workers					
during emergencies and nonroutine					
operations.  Once installed, controls are monitored to					
ensure that workers understand their use					
and application and to verify that they					
are effective.					
Implementation of controls is tracked to					
completion. Controls are inspected and					
maintained.					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> PPE= personal protective equipment

### **SECTION 5: EDUCATION AND TRAINING**

Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Managers, supervisors, and workers understand the elements of the safety and health program and how to					
participate in it.  Workers understand the employers'					
responsibilities under the program.  Each worker understands his or her own role in the program.					
Workers know whom to contact with concerns or questions, and understand the procedures for reporting injuries, incidents, hazards, and concerns.					
Workers know that they have a right to participate in the program and report injuries and illnesses without fear of					
retaliation or discrimination.  Workers with assigned roles under the program receive training in how to carry out their roles.					
Workers are trained to understand how to recognize hazards and effective techniques for their control.					
Workers can ask questions, receive answers, and provide feedback during and after training.					

			Implemented with only		
	Not	Partially	Minor	Fully	
Requirement	Implemented	Implemented	Deficiencies	Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Employers, managers, and supervisors					
understand their responsibilities under					
the OSH Act; procedures for responding					
to workers' reports of injury, illness, or					
concern; techniques for identifying and					
controlling hazards; and fundamentals of					
incident investigation.					
Workers receive supplemental training					
when a change in the workplace could					
introduce new or increased hazards.					
Workers receive training in a language					
and at a literacy level that all of them can					
understand.					

#### **SECTION 6: PROGRAM EVALUATION AND IMPROVEMENT**

Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Performance indicators are used to track progress toward program goals.					
Performance is tracked using both lagging and leading indicators.					
Performance data are analyzed and shared with workers.					
Management does an initial review (and subsequent annual reviews) to evaluate the program and ensure that it is fully implemented and functioning as planned.					
Workers are involved in all program review activities.					
Program reviews examine key processes to ensure that they are operating as intended.					
The program is modified as needed to correct shortcomings.					

## SECTION 7: COMMUNICATION AND COORDINATION FOR HOST EMPLOYERS,

# **CONTRACTORS, AND STAFFING AGENCIES**

Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Before contractors or staffing agencies					·
bring their workers onsite, they and the					
host employers determine which among					
them will implement the various					
elements of the safety and health					
program.					
Before contractors or staffing agencies					
bring their workers onsite, host					
employers give them enough information					
to assess hazards those workers may					
encounter, to understand the measures					
taken to control them (e.g., safety and					
health rules, when PPE is required, whom					
to contact in an emergency, etc.), and to					
avoid creating hazards that affect					
workers on the site.					
Contractors and staffing agencies inform					
the host employer about injuries,					
illnesses, hazards, or concerns reported					
by their employees, and the results of any					
tracking or trend analysis that they					
perform.					
Contractors and staffing agencies inform					
the host employer of any hazards arising					
from their work onsite and the controls in					
place to address those hazards.					

Requirement	Not Implemented	Partially Implemented	Implemented with only Minor Deficiencies	Fully Implemented	Evidence of Implementation
Before contractors or staffing agencies				·	·
bring their workers onsite, the host					
employer gives them the opportunity to					
conduct site visits or inspections and to					
review injury and illness records and					
other safety and health information.					
Host employers communicate with					
contractors and staffing agencies and					
their workers about non-routine and					
emergency hazards and emergency					
procedures.					
Host employers include any safety-					
related specifications or qualifications in					
bid documents and contracts.					
Host employers coordinate with					
contractors and staffing agencies to					
ensure that work is planned and					
scheduled to minimize impacts on safety					
and health.					
Staffing agency workers are adequately					
trained and equipped before arriving					
onsite.					
Host employer, contractor, and staffing					
agency policies and procedures are					
aligned to ensure that all workers receive					
consistent safety and health information.					
Workers have access to managers with					
decision-making authority, to resolve any					
coordination issues or discrepancies.					